

Recombinant SAG1 antigen - loaded PLGA microspheres as a novel vaccine delivery system against *Toxoplasma gondii*

M. Allahyari^{1,*}, A. Vatanara², M. Golkar³, V. Ramazani², J. Babaie³, S. Amiri³

¹Parasitology Department, Pasteur institute of IRAN and Department of Pharmaceutics, School of Pharmacy, Tehran University of Medical Sciences, Tehran, Iran
²Department of Pharmaceutics, School of Pharmacy, Tehran University of Medical Sciences, Tehran, Iran ³Parasitology Department, Pasteur institute of IRAN

Background and Aims: The study was designed to assess PLGA microspheres capability as an antigen delivery system for recombinant SAG1 (surface antigen 1) of Toxoplasma gondii. Development of vaccines against Toxoplasma gondii in humans is of high priority, given the high burden of disease in some areas of the world and also the lack of effective drugs with few adverse effects.

Methods: Recombinant Toxoplasma gondii surface antigen (SAG1) which previously produced in E.coli as a purified and refolded protein was adsorbed on blank PLGA microspheres (Poly(D,L-lactic-co-glycolic acid, lactide:glycolide ratio 50:50), RG505) microspheres. PLGA microspheres were prepared by single emulsion oil in water solvent evaporation method (6% w/v polymer solution in Aceton, with 40 ml of 0.5 % w/v Poly vinyl alcohol). Recombinant SAG1was adsorbed on PLGA microspheres at 1% w/w in PBS buffer, pH=7. Adsorption efficiency was assessed by protein quantification (BCA method). Protein integrity and antigenisity were evaluated by SDS PAGE, ELISA and Western blotting of released SAG1 during release profile.

Results: The mean size and PDI (Poly dispersity Index) of the resulting microspheres were 550 nm and 0.2, respectively. Adsorption efficiency of SAG1 on PLGA microspheres was 60%. The burst release was 30% of total adsorbed protein that occurred in 5 hours and followed by zero order release of 45% of total adsorbed protein in the subsequent 8 days. Integrity and antigensity of SAG1 was confirmed during release profile.

Conclusions: Aforementioned findings confirm that PLGA microspheres were capable of the efficient and reproducible adsorption of recombinant SAG1 from Toxoplasma gondii. Also, PLGA microspheres which would preserve the adsorbed antigen integrity and antigenisity can be used as a potent delivery system. Ongoing in vivo studies are being done.

Keywords: PLGA; Recombinant SAG1; Toxoplasma gondii